

# New Mexico COVID-19 Cases Update

## HEALTH AND SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

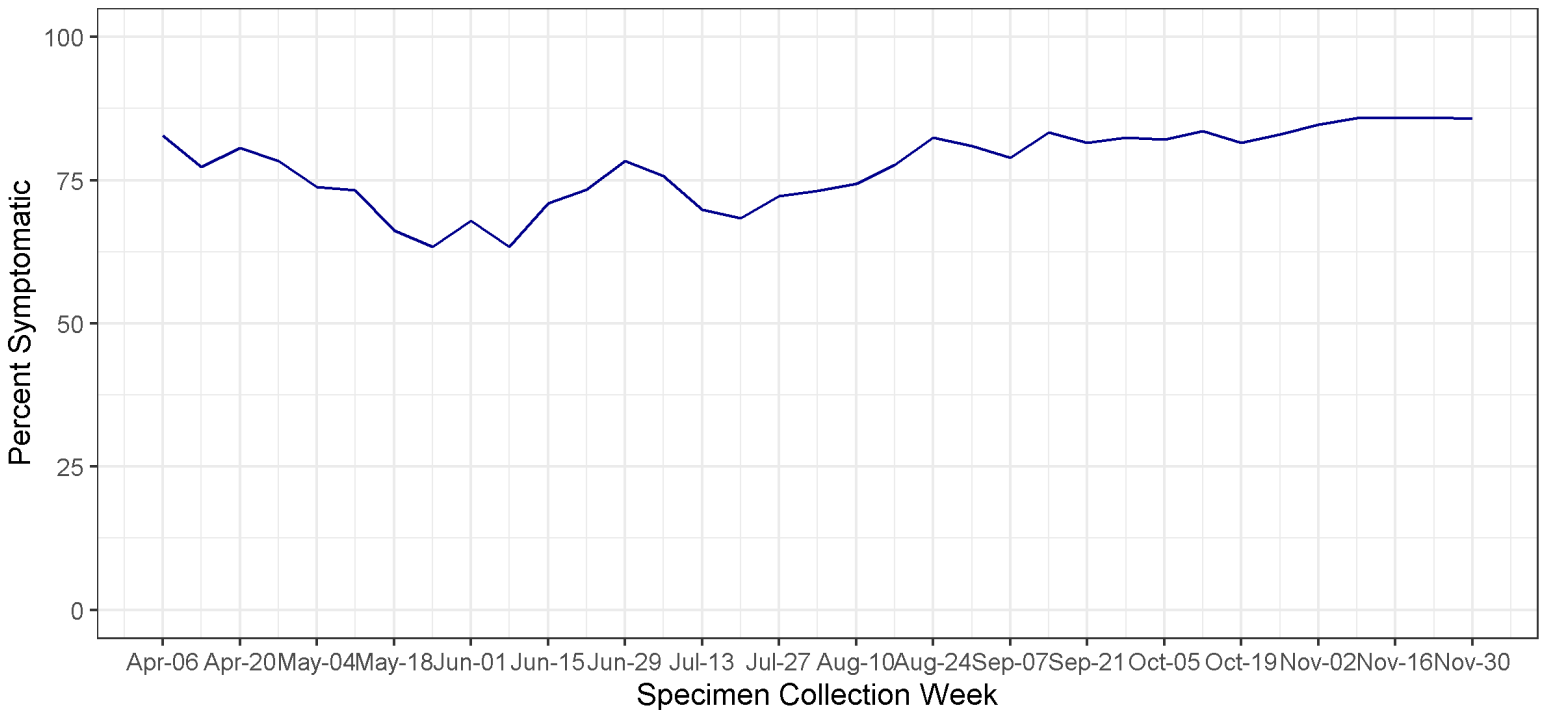
December 7<sup>th</sup>, 2020

Unless stated otherwise, all data reported here exclude cases who are from out-of-state and cases who are detainees in Federal Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) facilities.

Total Cases	Cases in the Last 7 Days
109,947 <sup>1</sup>	13,170

### SECTION 1: SYMPTOMS

Percentage of cases reporting symptoms each week



<sup>1</sup> Total cases, as reported on [cv.nmhealth.org](http://cv.nmhealth.org), include ICE detainees.

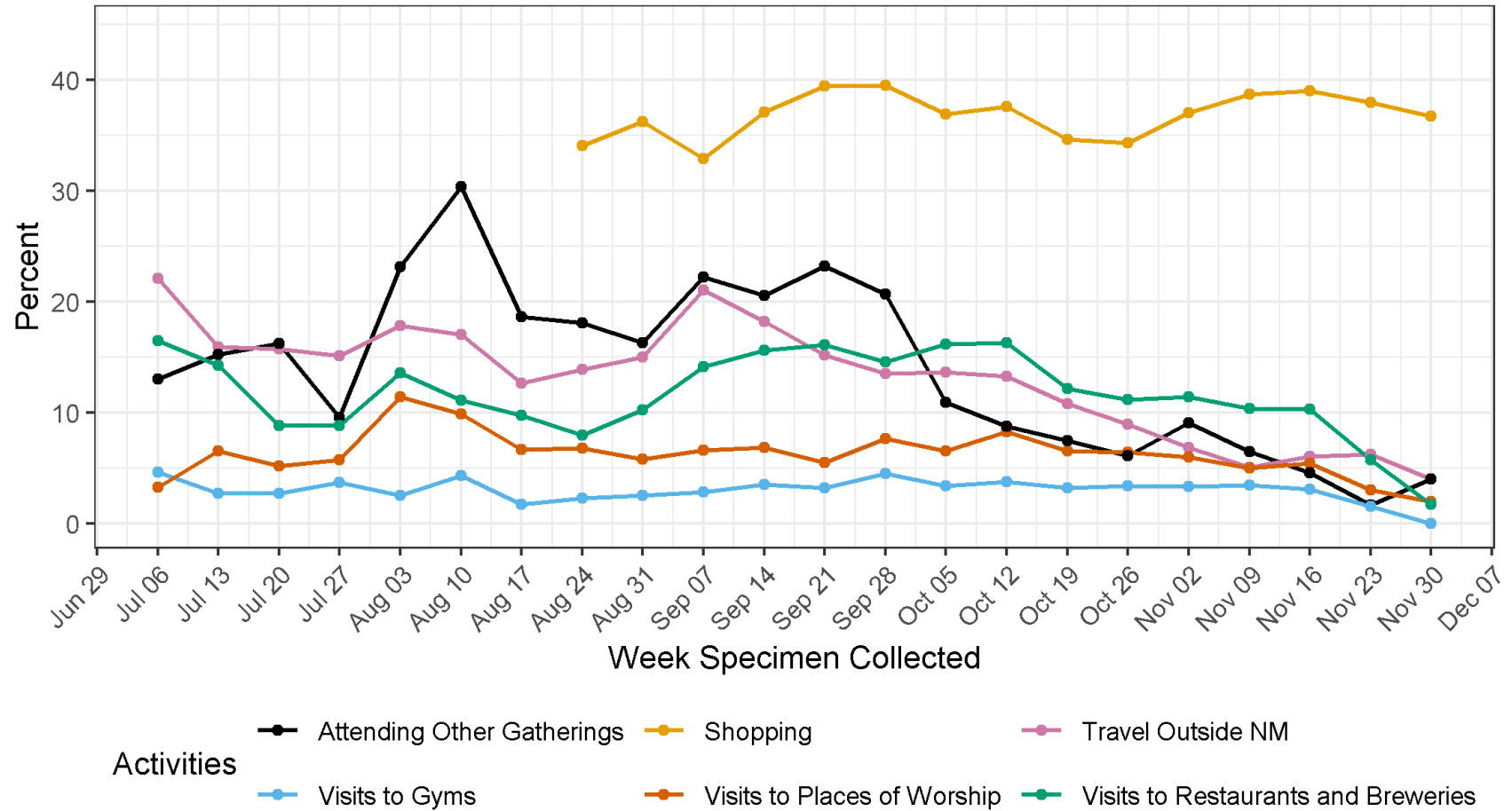
## Percentage of specific symptoms reported by cases

Symptom	Percent of Symptomatic Respondents
Fever	35%
Subjective Fever	23%
Chills	42%
Muscle Aches	56%
Runny Nose	45%
Sore Throat	40%
Cough	64%
Shortness of Breath	29%
Nausea or Vomiting	26%
Headache	65%
Abdominal Pain	15%
Diarrhea	31%
Fatigue	63%
Loss of Appetite	39%
Loss of Taste or Smell	52%

Data on "Loss of Taste or Smell" are from cases with positive tests on or after 8/3/2020, as this question was not asked consistently until August.

## SECTION 2: POSSIBLE EXPOSURES AND ACTIVITIES

Percentage of cases reporting activities prior to illness each week

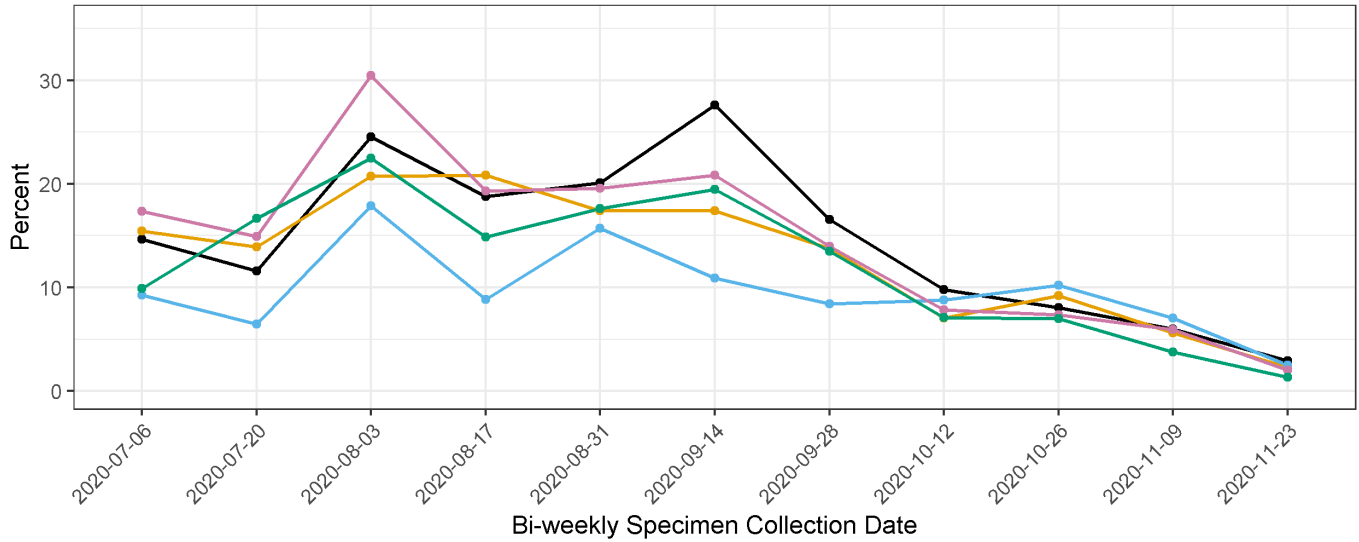


Cases in correctional facilities and residents of long-term care facilities were excluded. Percentages are out of cases who were contacted and asked about their exposures 14 days prior to illness onset. Previous published reports did not always include 14 days prior to illness onset.

## Percentage of cases reporting activities prior to illness by region bi-weekly

For specific activities reported by cases in each region, cases in correctional facilities and residents of long-term care facilities were excluded. Percentages are out of cases who were contacted and asked about their exposures 14 days prior to illness onset. Previous published reports did not always include 14 days prior to illness onset.

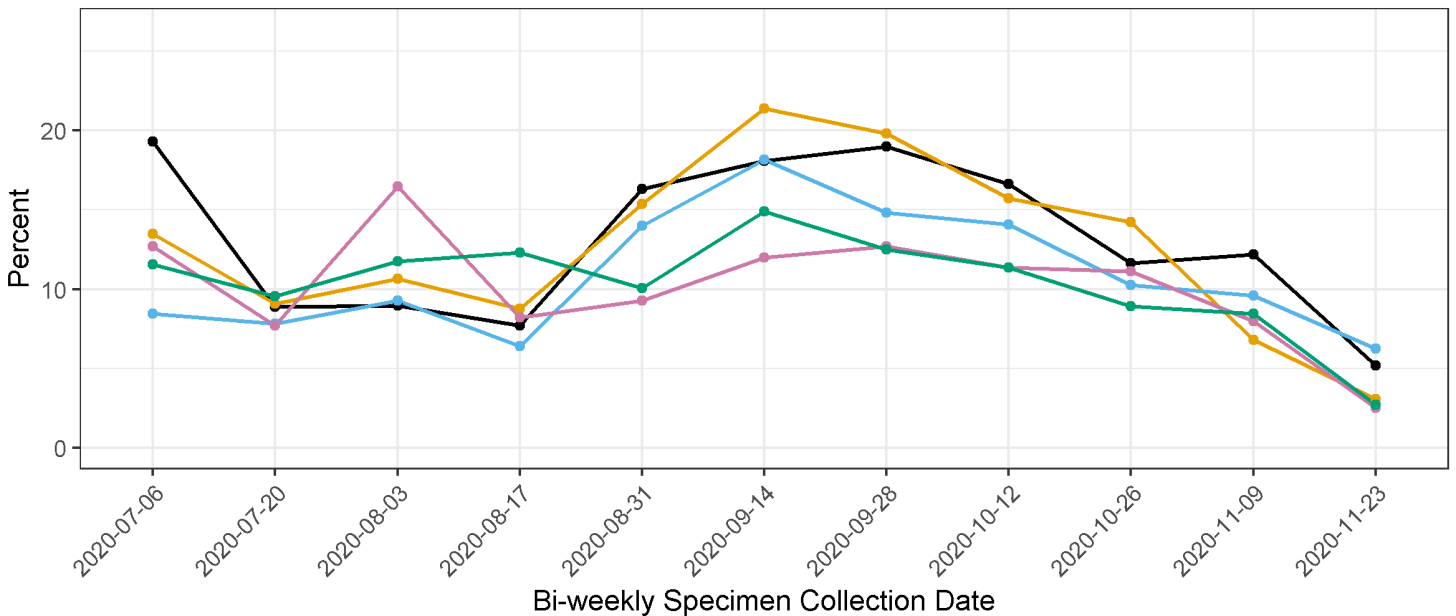
### Gatherings



Region — Metro — Northeast — Northwest — Southeast — Southwest

The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

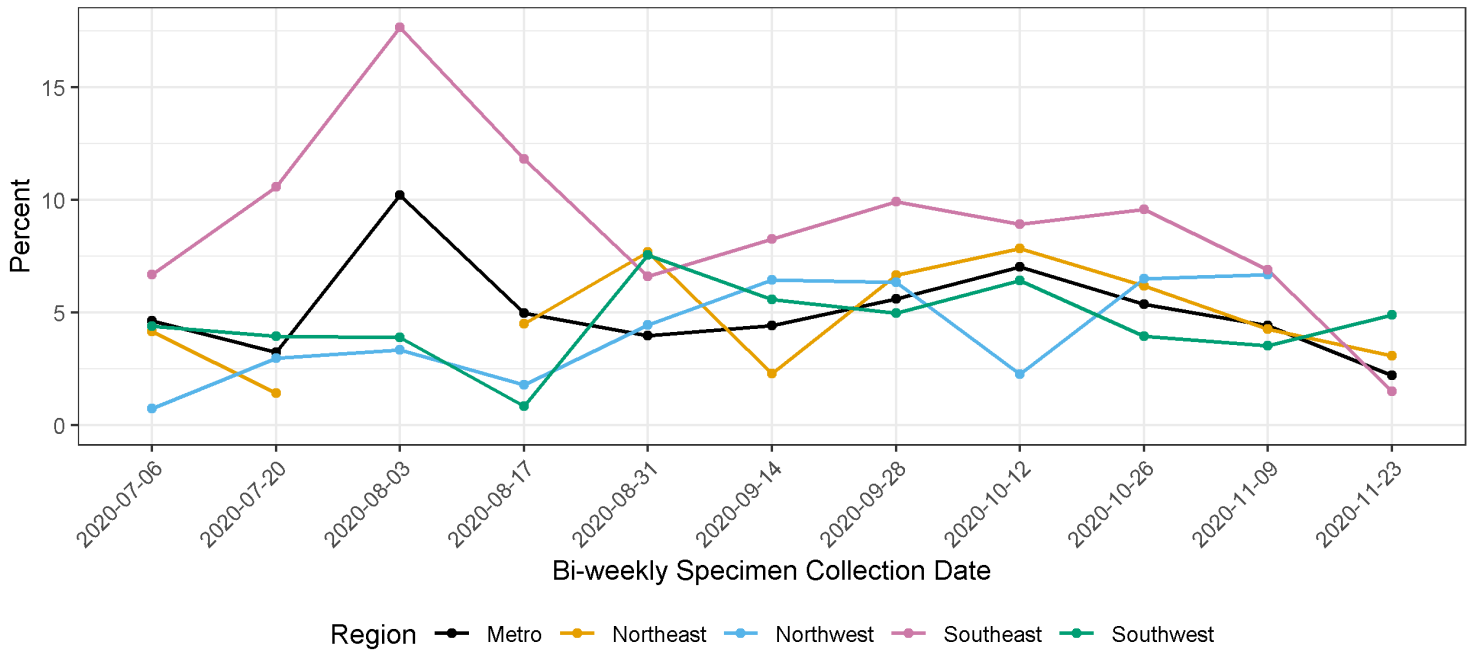
### Restaurants or bars



Region — Metro — Northeast — Northwest — Southeast — Southwest

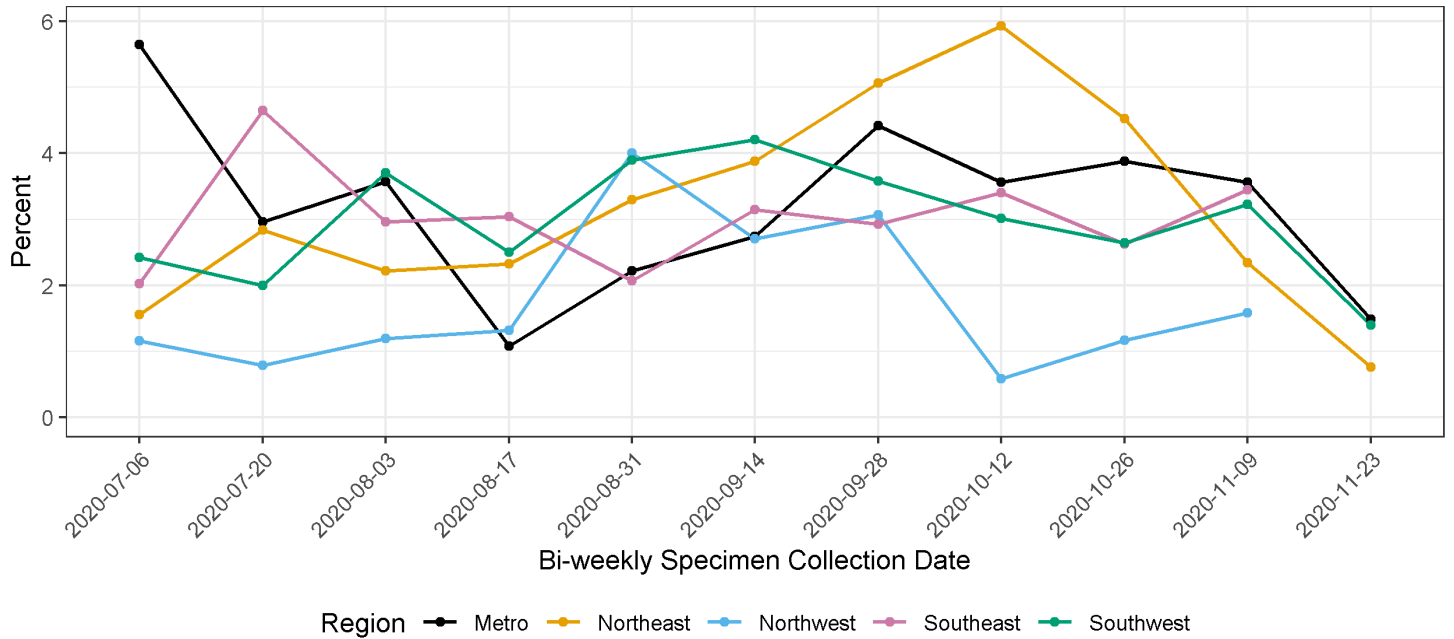
The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

## Places of worship



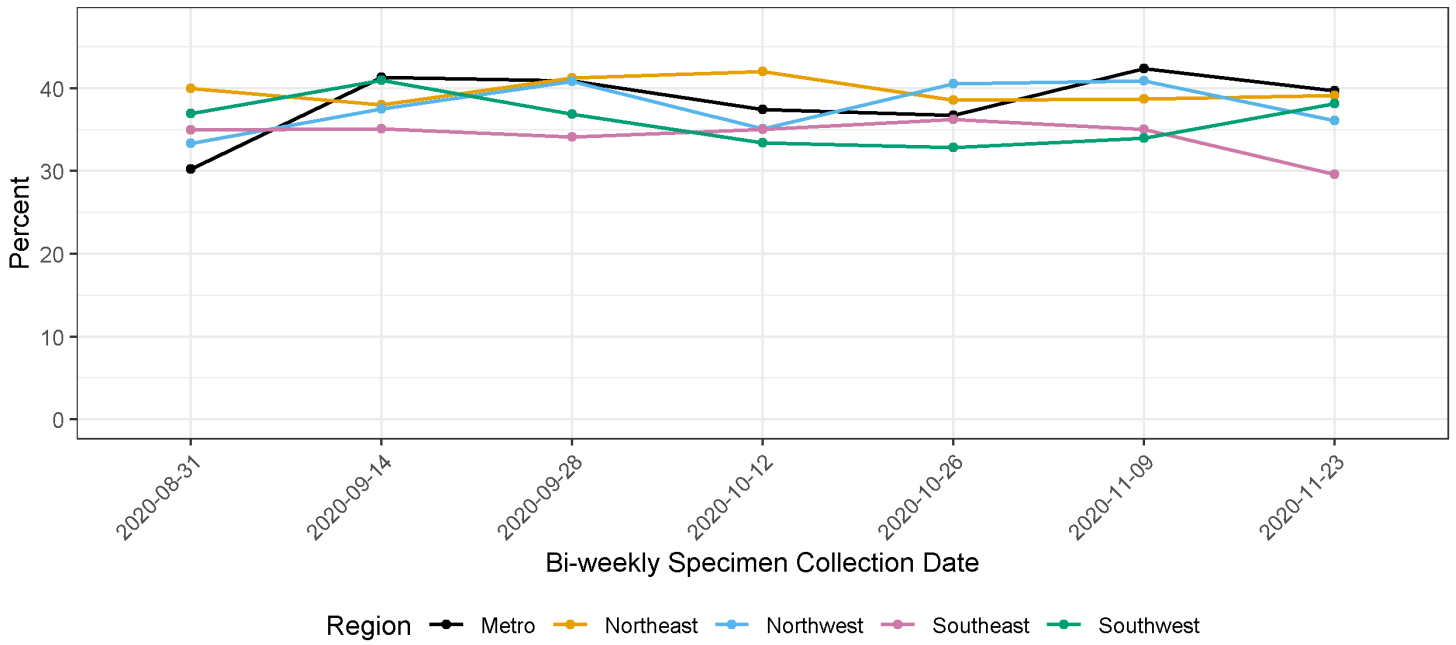
The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

## Gym



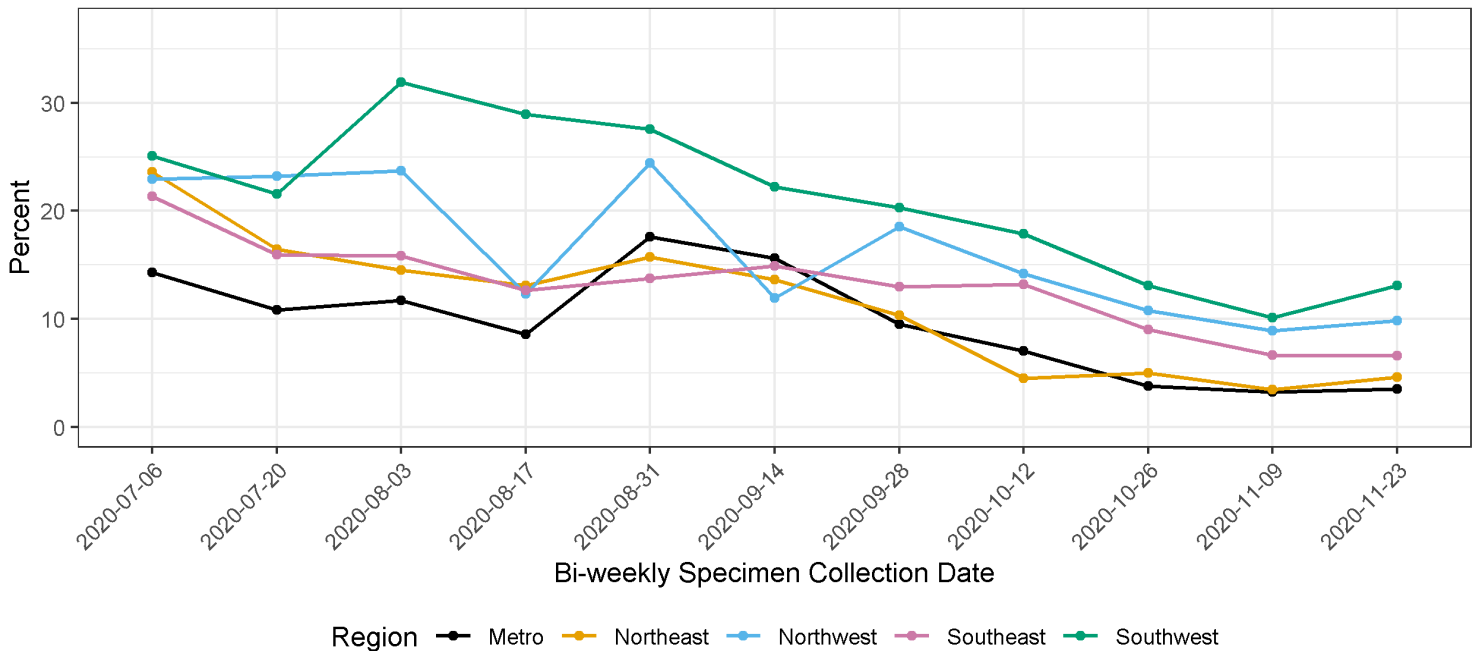
The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

## Shopping



The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

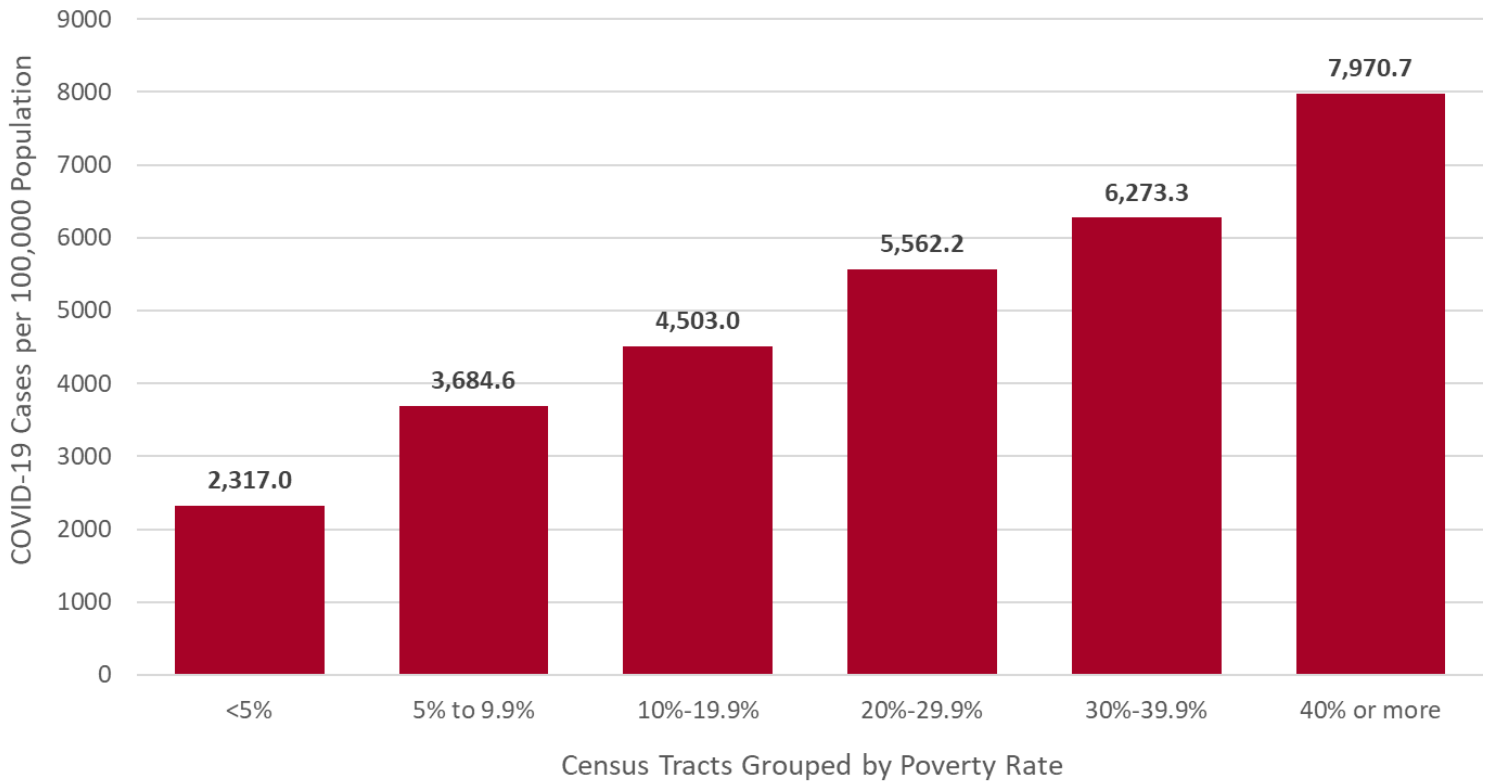
## Out-of-state travel



The percentage for each bi-weekly specimen collection date is based on the previous 14 days' data. Data from the most recent two-week interval will change as investigations continue.

## SECTION 3: SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS

### Case rate per 100,000 population by census tract below poverty level



Cases rate per 100,000 population by poverty level each week

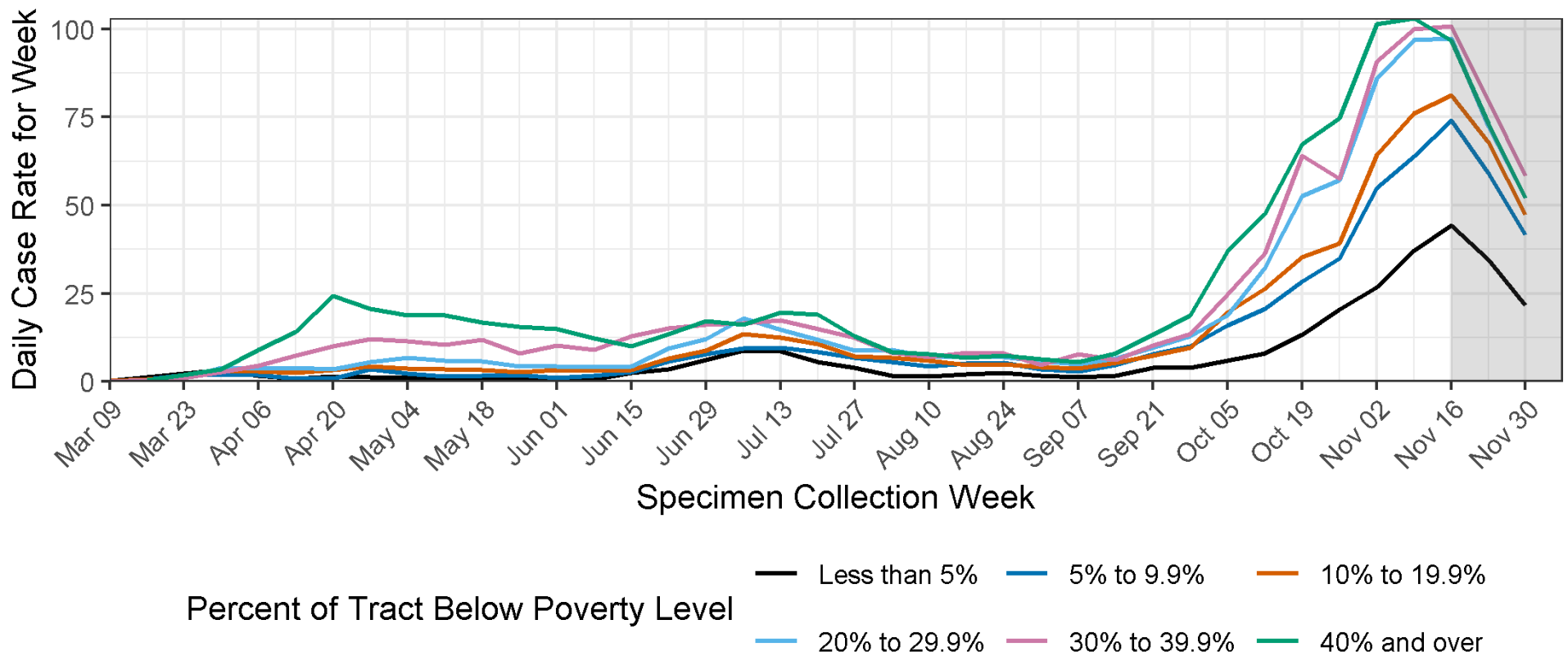
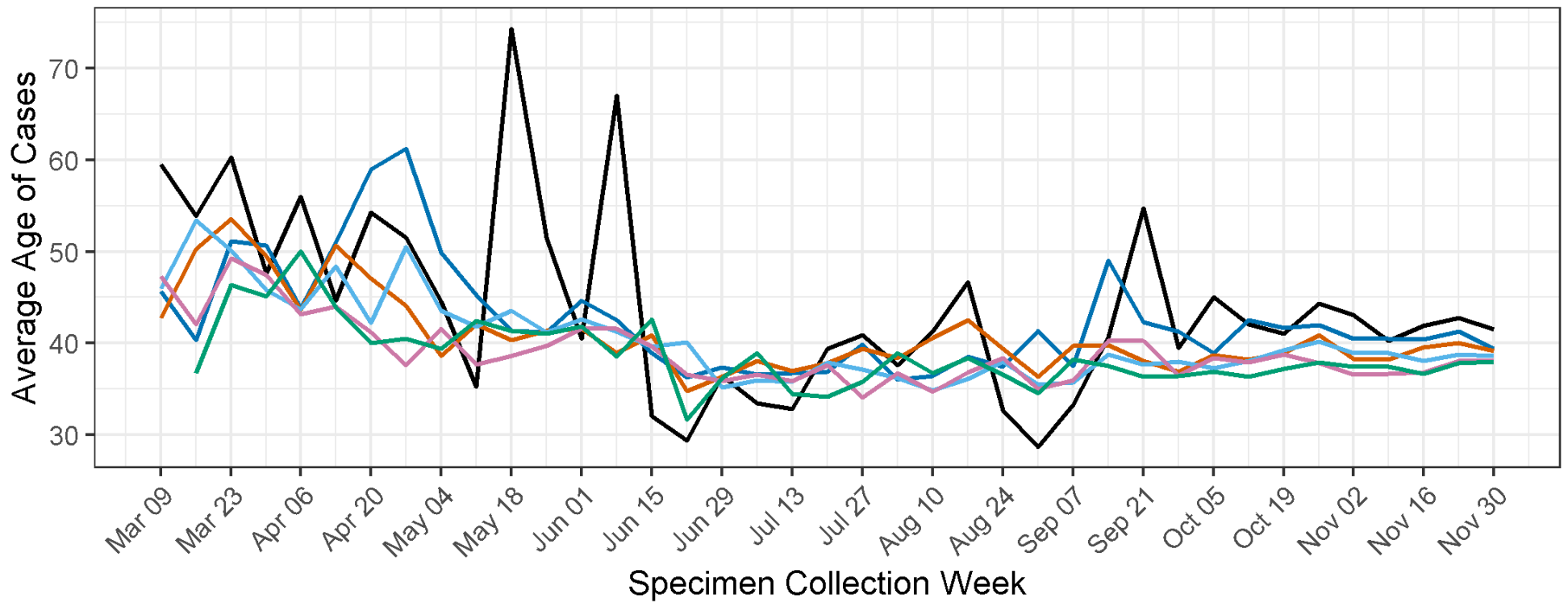


Figure excludes 5109 individuals with addresses that have not been geocoded, individuals who are detained in state or federal correctional facilities, and individuals in ICE custody. Positive tests collected during the greyed-out period may not yet be reported.



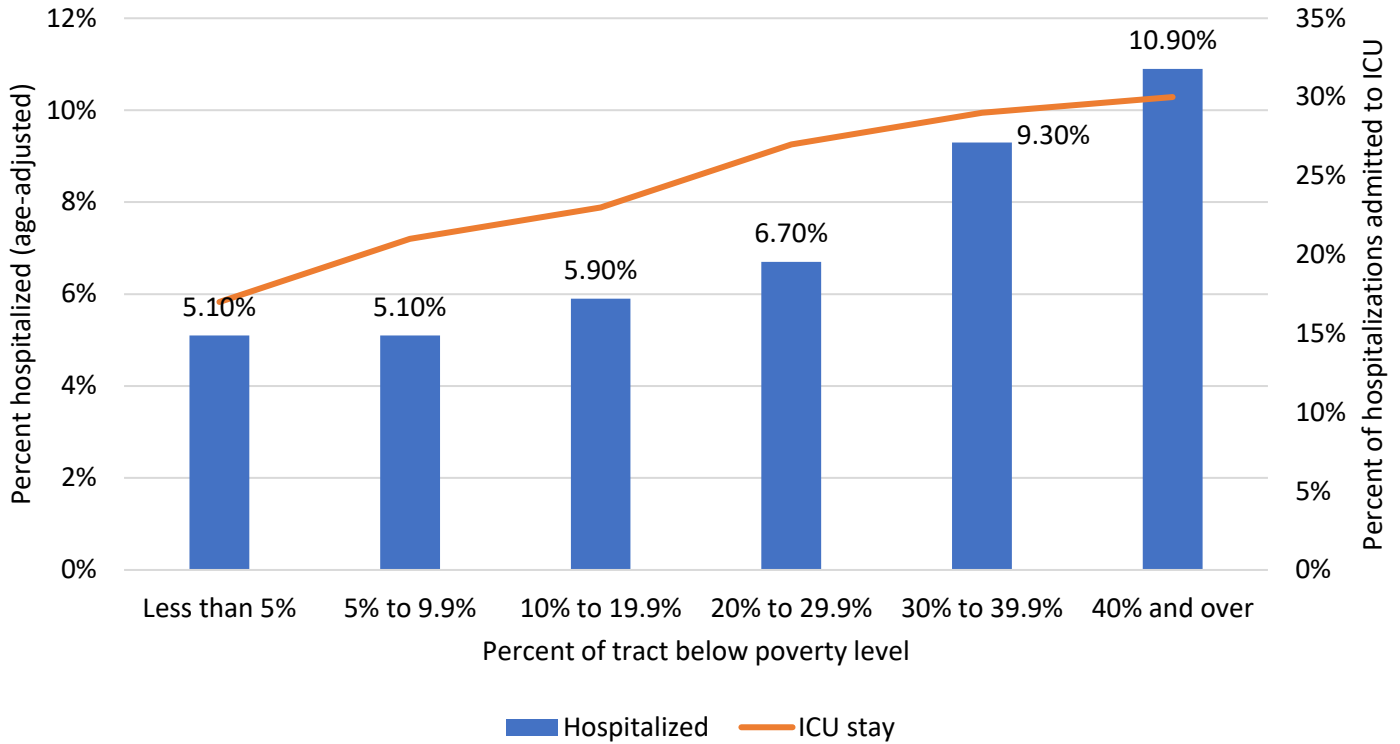
### Average age of cases by poverty level each week



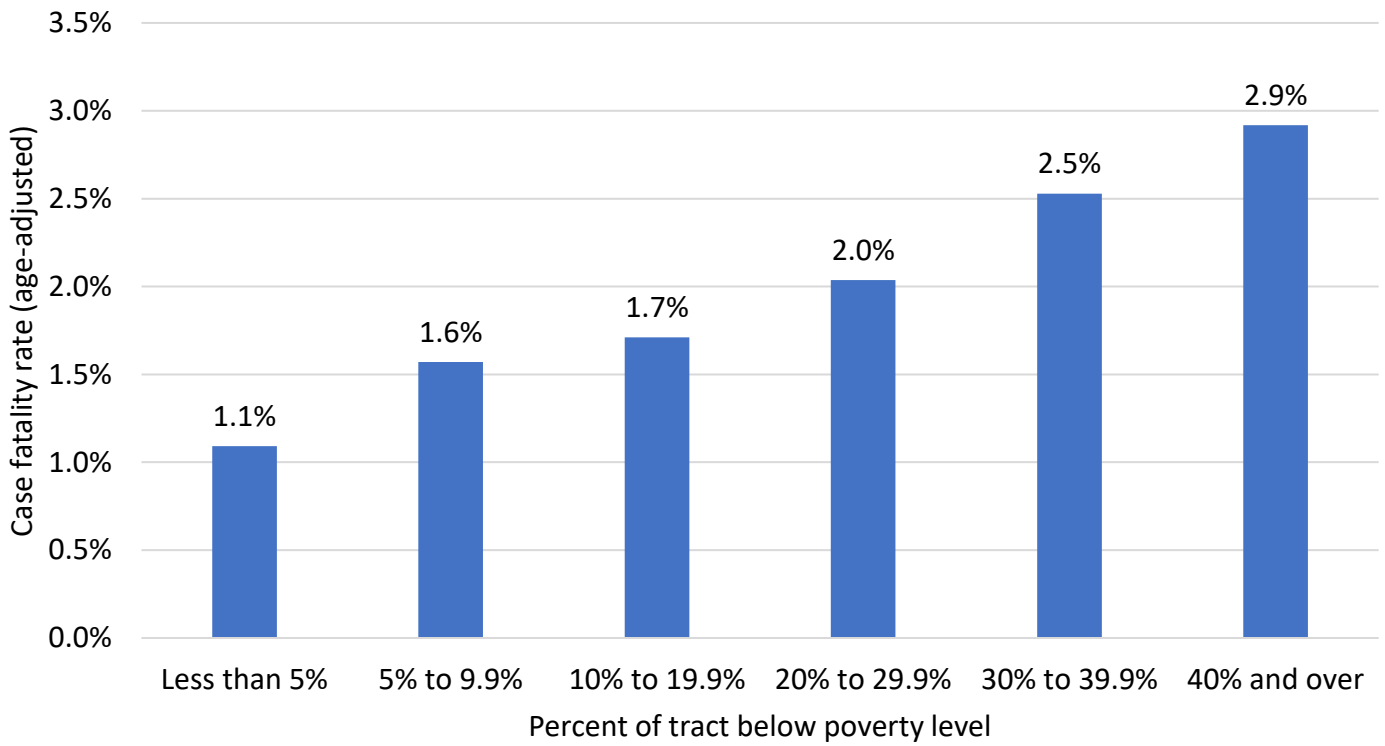
Percent of Tract Below Poverty Level

- Less than 5%
- 5% to 9.9%
- 10% to 19.9%
- 20% to 29.9%
- 30% to 39.9%
- 40% and over

### Hospitalizations and ICU stay by poverty level



### Case fatality rate by poverty level



## Data Sources

- **COVID-19 data**
  - **New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS)**, Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology and Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health.
  - **Salesforce/MTX COVID-19 Case Investigation Platform.**
- **Population Estimates:** University of New Mexico, Geospatial and Population Studies (GPS) Program.
- **Age-adjustment:** US 2000 Standard Population Weights
- **Poverty Rates, U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS)**, 2018 5-year estimates. Data from the 2017 5-year estimates were used in this analysis as proxy poverty data for those census tracts.
- **Case fatality rates.** Age-adjusted to the current distribution of U.S. COVID-19 cases: [CDC COVID Data Tracker](#)

## Data Notes

- **New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS).** Disease incidence data are derived from reports of notifiable infectious diseases. NMDOH relies on health care providers, laboratories, hospitals, clinics, institutions and individuals to report suspected and confirmed notifiable infectious diseases in accordance with New Mexico Administrative Code 7.4.3.13. Under-reporting can occur due to of lack of awareness about reporting requirements or lack of compliance with those requirements. Not all cases of infectious diseases can be detected for various reasons including lack of access to health care services, lack of laboratory testing or concerns about confidentiality. Specific and standardized national case definitions are used to classify disease reports by case status.
- **New Mexico Population Estimates.** All population estimates apply to July 1 of 2018. Estimates include decimal fractions. The sum of population subgroup estimates may not exactly equal the overall state population estimate due to rounding error. Population estimates for previous years are occasionally revised as new information becomes available. When publishing trend data, always be sure that your rates for earlier years match current rates on NM-IBIS that have been calculated with the most up-to-date population estimates.
- **Case rate per 100,000 population.** A basic measure of disease-specific case frequency is a rate, which takes into account the number of cases and the population size. It is helpful in making public health decisions for a given population, relative to another population regardless of size.