COVID-19 Pediatric Case Report

June 6, 2022

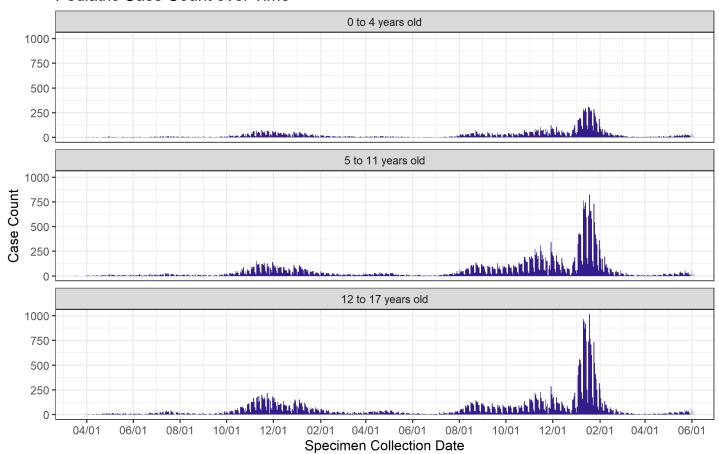
Unless stated otherwise, all data reported here exclude cases who are from out-of-state and cases who are detainees in Federal Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) facilities.

Total number of pediatric cases (% of cases that are pediatric)	Number of pediatric cases in the last 7 days (% of cases in the last 7 days that are pediatric)
106887 (19.8%)	680 (11.1%)

SECTION 1: PEDIATRIC CASE DEMOGRAPHICS

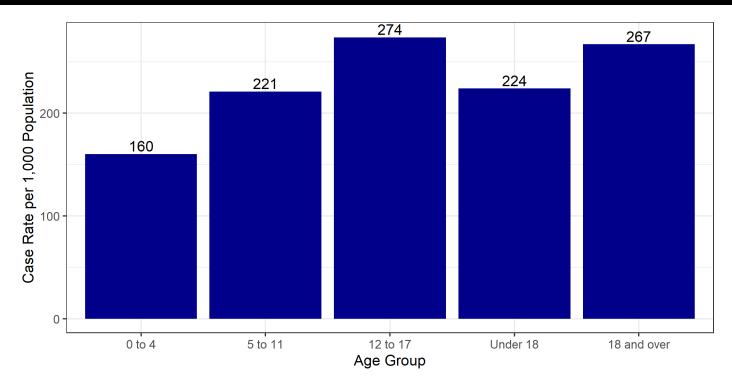
Pediatric case count over time

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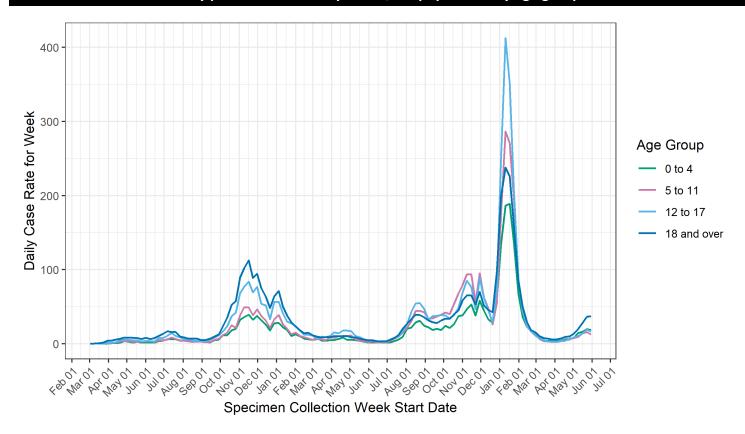
Previous 7 days are greyed out. Positive samples collected during this time may not yet be reported.

Pediatric case rate per 1,000 population by age group



Age Group	Number of Cases	Percent of Cases	Cases per 1,000	Ratio of 18 and Over to Age Group
0 to 4	19486	3.6	160.2	0.6
5 to 11	41741	7.7	221.0	0.8
12 to 17	45660	8.4	273.7	1.0
Under 18	106887	19.8	223.9	0.8
18 and over	433870	80.2	266.9	1.0

Daily pediatric case rate per 100,000 population by age group

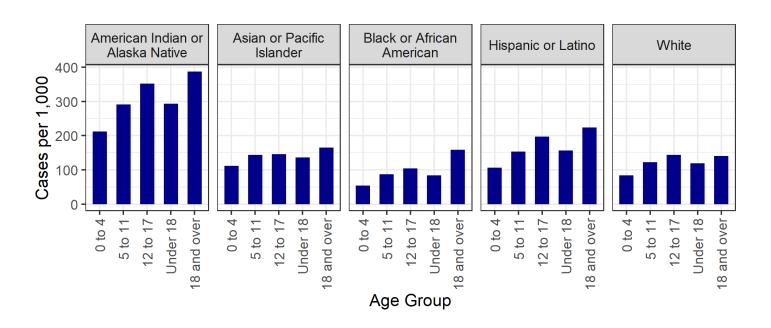


Tests collected in the last ten days may not yet have results. Recent case rates will change as these tests are processed.

Pediatric cases by sex and age

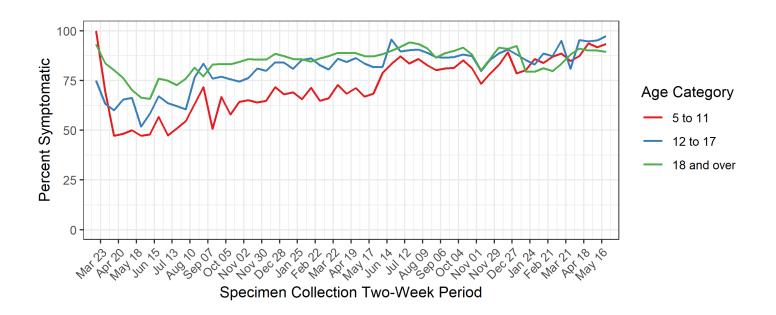
Sex	Age Group	Cases	Percent of Cases within Gender	Cases per 1,000 Population
	0 to 4	9239	3.3	155.1
	5 to 11	20001	7.1	216.1
Female	12 to 17	23169	8.2	282.0
	Under 18	52409	18.5	223.7
	18 and over	231066	81.5	279.1
	0 to 4	9955	4.0	160.3
	5 to 11	21131	8.5	219.4
Male	12 to 17	21752	8.7	256.9
	Under 18	52838	21.2	217.3
	18 and over	196149	78.8	246.0

Rates per 1,000 population of cases by age in each race/ethnicity group



Race	Age Group	Cases	Percent	Rate per 1,000
	0 to 4	2643	3.8	212.5
American Indian or Alaska	5 to 11	5958	8.6	290.8
Native	12 to 17	6411	9.3	351.8
	Under 18	15012	21.7	293.5
	18 and over	54116	78.3	387.5
	0 to 4	189	3.2	111.8
	5 to 11	370	6.2	143.6
Asian or Pacific Islander	12 to 17	359	6.1	145.6
	Under 18	918	15.5	136.3
	18 and over	5006	84.5	165.3
	0 to 4	173	2.6	54.3
	5 to 11	431	6.5	87.2
Black or African American	12 to 17	396	5.9	104.5
	Under 18	1000	15.0	83.9
	18 and over	5672	85.0	158.8
	0 to 4	7766	3.7	105.9
	5 to 11	17462	8.2	153.1
Hispanic or Latino	12 to 17	19774	9.3	196.7
	Under 18	45002	21.2	156.3
	18 and over	167342	78.8	223.8
	0 to 4	2610	2.4	84.2
	5 to 11	5703	5.2	121.8
White	12 to 17	5986	5.5	143.2
	Under 18	14299	13.1	119.5
	18 and over	94644	86.9	140.9

Percent of school-aged pediatric cases with symptoms by age group



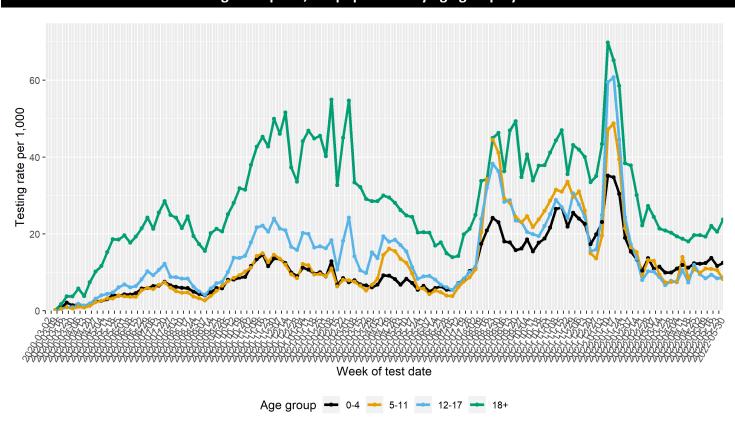
SECTION 2: PEDIATRIC TESTING RATES AND POSITIVITY

Cumulative testing rates per 1,000 population and test positivity by age group

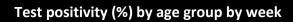
Test includes PCR only

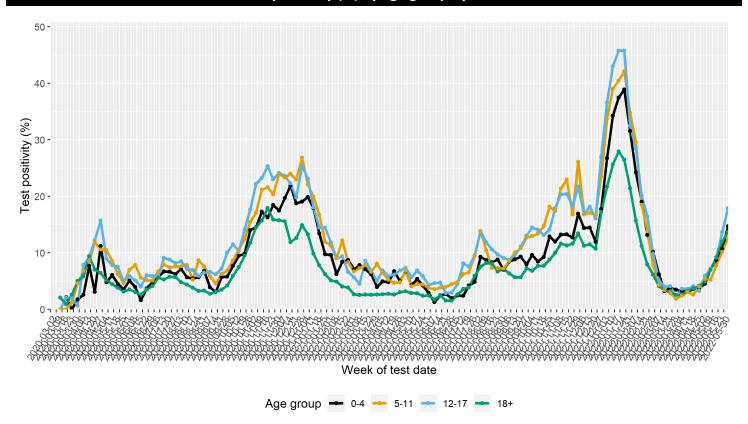
Age Group (years)	Total Number of Test	Cumulative tests per 1,000 population	Cumulative test positivity (%)
0-4	19504	1289.3	12.7%
5-11	41787	1463.7	15.6%
12-17	45676	1729.2	16.5%
18+	433255	3420.5	8.9%

Testing rates per 1,000 population by age group by week



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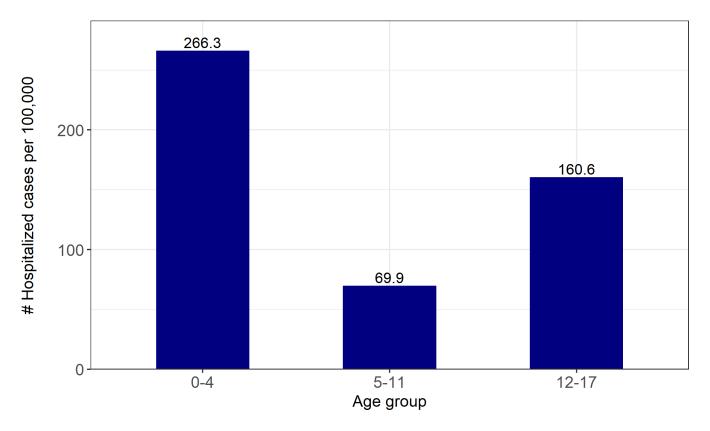
SECTION 3: PEDIATRIC HOSPITALIZATIONS

Out-of-state pediatric cases were excluded.

Total pediatric hospitalizations	Pediatric hospitalizations in the last week	Total Pediatric deaths
724	1	8

Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population and percentage by age group

It should be noted that due to the small number of hospitalizations of pediatric cases, the hospitalization rates per 100,000 population for these age groups should be interpreted with caution. 12



¹ Deaths certified to have COVID-19 disease or SARS-CoV-2 as a cause of death or a significant condition contributing to death. Intentional and unintentional injuries are excluded. Death reporting might be delayed up to 6 weeks. Beginning January 1, 2022, deaths due to natural causes matched to a SARS-CoV-2 positive test result within 30 days of the date of death are included as COVID-19 related deaths even when COVID is not listed on the death certificate.

² Ongoing efforts to improve the completeness and accuracy of the hospitalization data will result in week-to-week changes in the cumulative hospitalization counts. These changes are not affecting recent hospitalization data, but will affect the historical (i.e., cumulative) hospitalization baseline.

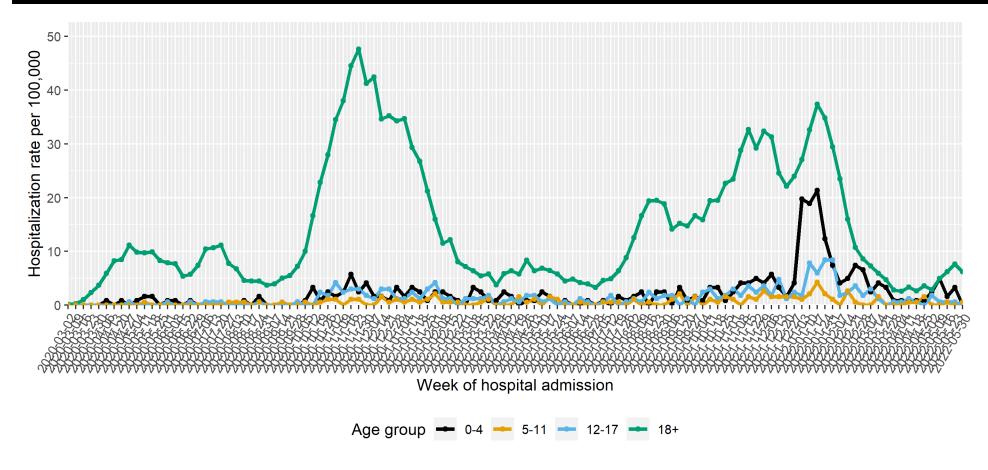
Table 1. Number of hospitalizations, percent of hospitalizations and rate of hospitalization per 100,000 for cases under 18 years old

Age group (years)	Number of hospitalizations	Percent of hospitalizations Under 18 years old	Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population
0-4	324	44.8%	266.3
5-11	132	18.2%	69.9
12-17	268	37.0%	160.6

Table 2. Number of hospitalizations, percent of hospitalizations and rate of hospitalization per 100,000 for cases under 18 years old compared to 18 years and over

Age group (years)	Number of hospitalizations	Percent of hospitalizations Under 18 years old	Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population
Under 18	724	2.6%	152.4
18+	27136	97.4%	1652.5

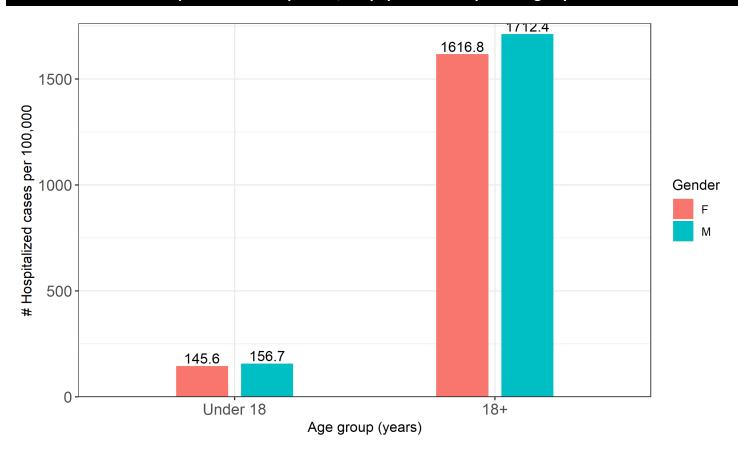
Hospitalizations per 100,000 population by age each week



Finding: Overall, the hospitalization rates per 100,000 population among the pediatric age groups have remained low. It should be noted that due to the small number of hospitalizations of pediatric cases, the hospitalization rates per 100,000 population for these age groups should be interpreted with caution

Note: Hospitalizations in the previous week may not yet be reported.

Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population and percentage by sex



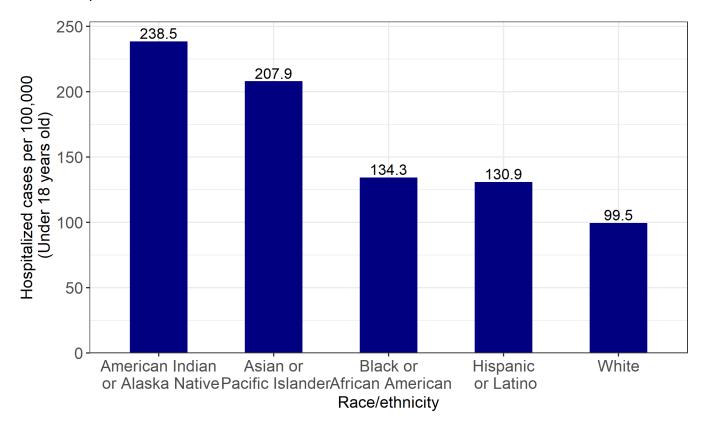
Age group (years)	Sex	Number of hospitalizations	Percent of hospitalizations within age group	Hospitalization rate per 100,000
Under 18	Female	341	47.2%	145.6
	Male	381	52.8%	156.7
18+	Female	13385	49.5%	1616.8
	Male	13655	50.5%	1712.4

Note: 158 cases were excluded due to missing or unknown sex information.

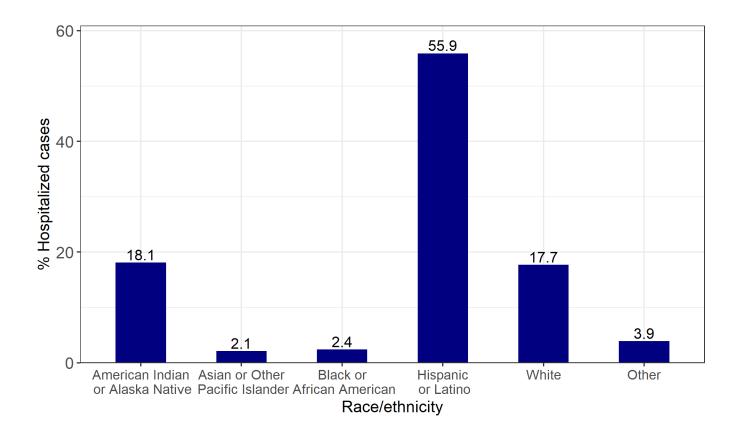
Finding: The hospitalization rate per 100,000 population is slightly higher for males compared to females within the Under 18 and over 18 years age groups. It should be noted that due to the small number of hospitalizations of pediatric cases, the hospitalization rates per 100,000 population for these age groups should be interpreted with caution.

Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population and percentage by race/ethnicity

Finding: In the Under 18 years old age group, the hospitalization rate per 100,000 population is the highest in American Indian or Alaska Native children at **238.5** followed by Asian or Pacific Islanders at **207.9**. However, Hispanic or Latino children make up **55.9**% of the total number of pediatric cases hospitalized, followed by American Indian or Alaska Native children, at **18.1%**. It should be noted that due to the small number of hospitalizations of pediatric cases, the hospitalization rates per 100,000 population for these age groups should be interpreted with caution.



Note: For Under 18 years age group, **30** cases had missing race/ethnicity information and were excluded. **16** cases "Refused to answer" or answered "Other" and were also excluded.



Age group (years)	Race/ethnicity	Number of hospitalizations	Percent of hospitalizations within age group	Hospitalization rate per 100,000 population
Under	American Indian or Alaska Native	122	18.1%	238.5
18	Asian	14	2.1%	207.9
	Black or African American	16	2.4%	134.3
	Hispanic or Latino	377	55.9%	130.9
	White	119	17.7%	99.5
18+	American Indian or Alaska Native	6330	24.3%	4532.9
	Asian	273	1.0%	901.4
	Black or African American	385	1.5%	1077.6
	Hispanic or Latino	11223	43.1%	1500.7
	White	7301	28.1%	1086.8

Notes:

- For Under 18 years age group, **30** cases had missing race/ethnicity information and were excluded. **16** cases "Refused to answer" or answered "Other" and were also excluded.
- For the "18+" years age group, **1079** had missing race/ethnicity information and were excluded. **542** cases "Refused to answer" or answered "Other" and were also excluded.
- Rates for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders and "Other" are excluded, as there are no population estimates for these populations.

Data Sources

- COVID-19 data
 - New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS), Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology and Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health.
 - Salesforce/MTX COVID-19 Case Investigation Platform.
- Population Estimates: University of New Mexico, Geospatial and Population Studies (GPS) Program.

Data Notes

- The data reported in this weekly update may not match the daily numbers that are reported in the New Mexico Department of Health (NMDOH) press releases and/or the NMDOH COVID-19 data dashboard.
 This may be due to variation in the date and time of data extraction from NM-EDSS, corrections after quality assurance review, and differences in the exclusion criteria.
- New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS). Disease incidence data are derived from reports of notifiable infectious diseases. NMDOH relies on health care providers, laboratories, hospitals, clinics, institutions and individuals to report suspected and confirmed notifiable infectious diseases in accordance with New Mexico Administrative Code 7.4.3.13. Under-reporting can occur due to of lack of awareness about reporting requirements or lack of compliance with those requirements. Not all cases of infectious diseases can be detected for various reasons including lack of access to health care services, lack of laboratory testing or concerns about confidentiality. Specific and standardized national case definitions are used to classify disease reports by case status.
- New Mexico Population Estimates. All population estimates apply to July 1 of 2020. Estimates include
 decimal fractions. The sum of population subgroup estimates may not exactly equal the overall state
 population estimate due to rounding error. Population estimates for previous years are occasionally
 revised as new information becomes available. When publishing trend data, always be sure that your rates
 for earlier years match current rates on NM-IBIS that have been calculated with the most up-to-date
 population estimates.
- Race/Ethnicity. Race/Ethnicity are reported as a single variable according to the selection of the case. Any case who is Hispanic is in the Hispanic category and all other races are non-Hispanic.
- Gender refers to a person's internal sense of being male, female, some combination of male and female, or neither male nor female. Sex refers to the biological anatomy of an individual's reproductive system, and secondary sex characteristics.
- Case rate per 100,000 population. A basic measure of disease-specific case frequency is a rate, which takes into account the number of cases and the population size. It is helpful in making public health decisions for a given population, relative to another population regardless of size.