## New Mexico COVID-19 Vaccinated and Unvaccinated Case Data Report

Unless stated otherwise, all data reported here exclude cases who are from out-of-state.

### COVID-19 Case Data by Vaccination Status September 19, 2022

Vaccination is the most powerful tool available today for preventing infection and severe illness and death due to COVID-19. In this report, we display case data by vaccination status to show the impact of vaccination status on the occurrence and severity of COVID-19 cases affecting New Mexico residents.

Recent trends in reported case rates by vaccination status have become difficult to interpret due to differences in the vaccination categories (unvaccinated, primary series completed, primary series completed with booster) by a number of factors that affect the risk of having a positive result reported to NMDOH, including behaviors that increase exposure to the virus, testing practices, prior infection, time since last vaccine dose. Surveillance data are unable to control for all of these factors, making them inaccurate for interpreting vaccine effectiveness. For controlled study data on COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness, see <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/covid19\_vaccine\_safety.html">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/covid19\_vaccine\_safety.html</a> and <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/vaccine-induced-immunity.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/vaccine-induced-immunity.html</a>

We are monitoring case counts and rates (the number of cases per standard population size) by the following categories:

- Unvaccinated: this category includes cases, hospitalizations, and deaths in persons who have not received any FDA-authorized COVID-19 vaccine doses before they tested positive for SARS-CoV-2.
- Primary Series Completed: this category includes cases, hospitalizations, and deaths in person who have completed a primary vaccination series 14 or more days prior to testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 (2 doses of the Pfizer or Moderna vaccine or a single dose of the Johnson & Johnson vaccine) but have not had an additional or booster dose of any vaccine.
- Primary Series Completed With Booster: this category includes cases, hospitalizations, and deaths in persons who have completed a primary vaccination series AND have completed an additional dose or a booster dose 14 or more days before they tested positive for SARS-CoV-2

Persons who have had only a single vaccination with an mRNA vaccine (Pfizer or Moderna), and persons who completed the primary series less than 14 days before they tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 have been excluded from the tables and graphs contained in this document. These persons are considered partially vaccinated.

As of July 26, 2022 additional data cleaning guidelines have been implemented to remove duplicated doses, per CDC guidance. Primary series doses that have been recorded as being administered less than 11 days after a Johnson & Johnson vaccination, 17 days after a Pfizer/BioNTech vaccination, or 24 days after a Moderna vaccination are considered to be duplicated doses. Booster doses that have been recorded as being administered less than 56 days after a previous valid dose are considered to be duplicated doses.

We are monitoring the risk of infection based on the case, hospitalization, and death rate relative to the NM population in each of the categories Unvaccinated, Primary Series Completed Without Booster, and Primary Series Completed With Booster according to the follow formula:

$$sum\left(\frac{Number\ with\ COVID-19\ in\ the\ category\ each\ day}{Number\ of\ NM\ residents\ in\ the\ category\ each\ day} imes 100,000
ight)$$

**Age-adjusted rates**: When the outcome in an analysis, such as case or hospitalization status, is associated with age as well as the intervention of interest, such as vaccination status, the relationship of the intervention to the outcome will be biased by the difference in age make-up of the intervention groups. In order to adjust the analysis for this bias, the rates can be proportionately weighted within the intervention group to a standard population, such as the New Mexico resident population. The age-adjusted rates in this report took the rates in the following age groups (5-11, 12-15, 16-17, 18-24, 25-39, 40-49, 50-64, 65-74, and 75+) for the categories of vaccination status (i.e., unvaccinated, primary vaccine series only, primary series plus booster) and weighted them to their proportion in the general population of New Mexico. Age-adjusted rates are included only in Figures labeled "Age-adjusted".

<u>Rate ratios</u> are the comparisons between two rates. For example, if the rate for unvaccinated persons is 20 cases (per 100 unvaccinated New Mexicans) and the rate for those who have completed the primary series and booster is 4 cases (per 100 New Mexicans who have completed the primary series and booster), then the rate ratio would be 5. We would conclude that unvaccinated persons are at 5-times the risk of becoming a case of COVID-19 compared to persons who have completed a primary series with booster.

<u>Hospitalizations</u> include all inpatient admissions of a New Mexico resident to an acute care hospital for >24 hours, with a positive laboratory test for SARS-CoV-2 within 14 days of admission or during admission.

**Deaths** are certified to have COVID-19 disease or SARS-CoV-2 as a cause of death or a significant condition contributing to death. Intentional and unintentional injuries are excluded. Death reporting might be delayed up to 6 weeks. Beginning January 1, 2022, deaths due to natural causes matched to a SARS-CoV-2 positive test result within 30 days of the date of death are included as COVID-19 related deaths even when COVID is not listed on the death certificate. Previously, deaths that were attributed to COVID-19 but lacked laboratory confirmation were excluded. As of August 15, 2022, deaths related to COVID-19 but lacking a laboratory test confirmation are now included in tables and graphics describing COVID-19 deaths.

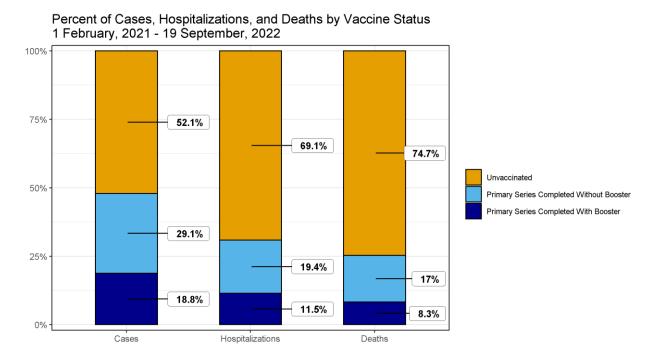
Case data by vaccination status are restricted to February 1, 2021 and onward to ensure the stability of cases counts and rates following the time of vaccine introduction. Additional doses or booster doses are valid if the dose was administered on or after August 13, 2021. Hospitalization cases with Primary Series Completed With Booster are restricted to October 8, 2021 and onward.

In the following graphs and charts, you will see data that demonstrate the percentage and rate of cases, hospitalizations and deaths by vaccination status so that their absolute (counts and percent) and relative (rates) occurrence can be compared by vaccination status. We present these data across the entire pandemic and within the previous 4 weeks so that recent changes, if any, can be recognized. Additionally, we show the rate differences for Primary Series Completed cases by age group, race/ethnicity, sex, and manufacturer to demonstrate the difference in risk experienced by New Mexicans with different demographic characteristics and vaccination history.

Beginning on page 7, the designation of Primary Series Completed includes cases in persons who have completed a primary vaccination series and may have completed an additional dose or a booster dose 14 or more days before they tested positive for SARS-CoV-2.

# Percentages and Age-Adjusted Rates of Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths by Vaccination Status

# Cumulative



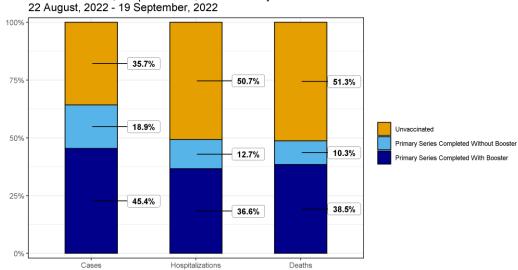
Rate Ratios			
Comparing Unvaccinated to Primary Series Completed Without Booster			
2x	5x 6x		
Risk of Testing Positive	Risk of Being Hospitalized	Risk of Dying	
Comparing Unvaccinated to Primary Series Completed With Booster			
3х	13x	24x	
Risk of Testing Positive	Risk of Being Hospitalized	Risk of Dying	

Totals/Rates	Primary Series Completed <b>With</b> Booster Totals	Primary Series Completed <b>Without</b> Booster Totals	Unvaccinated Totals	Primary Series Completed <b>With</b> Booster Rates	Primary Series Completed <b>Without</b> Booster Rates	Unvaccinated Rates
Cases	78400	121614	217483	11066.4	15577.9	30965.9
Hospitalizations	2003	3380	12041	190	496.8	2476.4
Deaths	366	750	3296	33.3	125.5	781.9

## Percentages and Age-Adjusted Rates of Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths by Vaccination Status

### **During the Past Four Weeks\***

\*In our efforts to provide the most current data, changes in the values will occur due to the lag time in specimen collection and vaccine breakthrough case ascertainment as well as ongoing quality assurance activities.

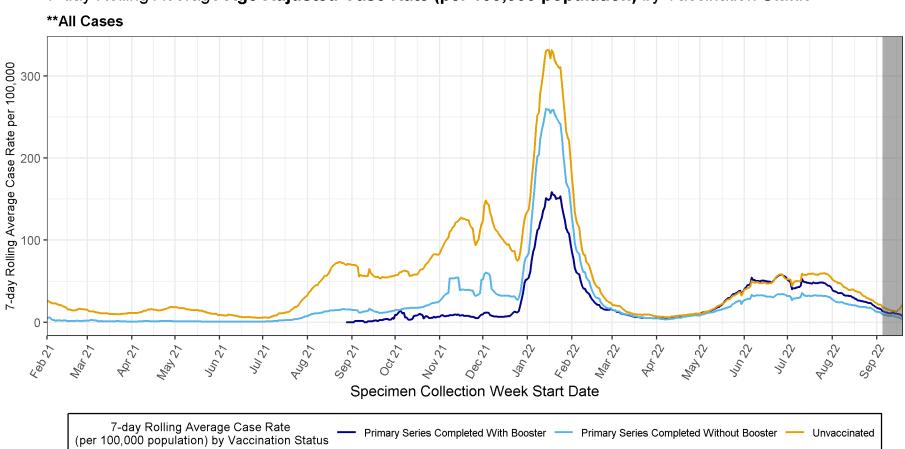


Percent of Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths by Vaccine Status 22 August, 2022 - 19 September, 2022

Rate Ratios			
Comparing Unvaccinated to Primary Series Completed Without Booster			
2x	4x	бх	
Risk of Testing Positive	Risk of Being Hospitalized	Risk of Dying	
Comparing Unvaccinated to Primary Series Completed With Booster			
1.5x	5x	бх	
Risk of Testing Positive	Risk of Being Hospitalized	Risk of Dying	

Totals/Rates	Primary Series Completed <b>With</b> Booster Totals	Primary Series Completed <b>Without</b> Booster Totals	Unvaccinated Totals	Primary Series Completed <b>With</b> Booster Rates	Primary Series Completed <b>Without</b> Booster Rates	Unvaccinated Rates
Cases	3763	1564	2962	412.8	293.5	614.1
Hospitalizations	156	54	216	12.6	14.3	64.8
Deaths	15	4	20	1.1	1.1	6.6

### 7-day rolling average case rate by vaccination status

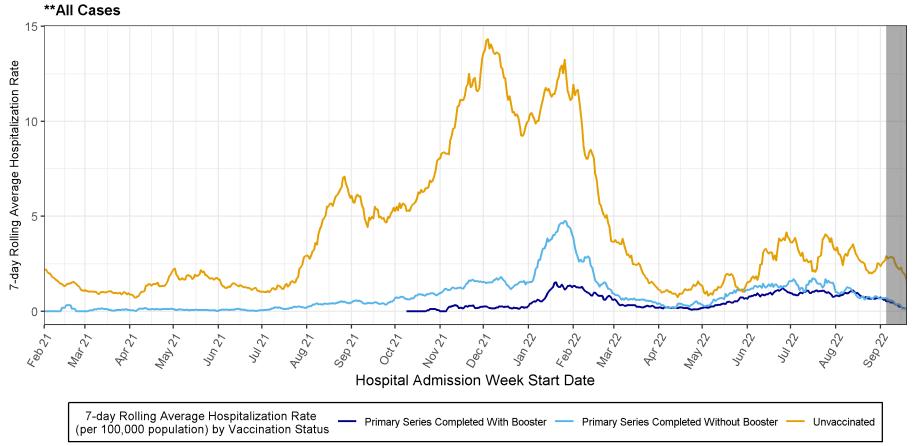


7-day Rolling Average Age-Adjusted Case Rate (per 100,000 population) by Vaccination Status

\*The dark grey shaded region represents the lag period between specimen collection and vaccine breakthrough case ascertainment where reporting of cases may be incomplete.

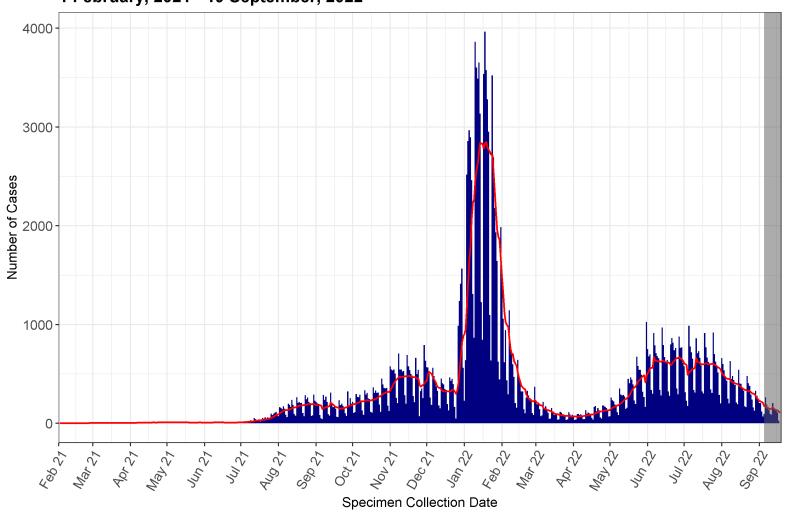
# 7-day rolling average hospitalization by vaccination status





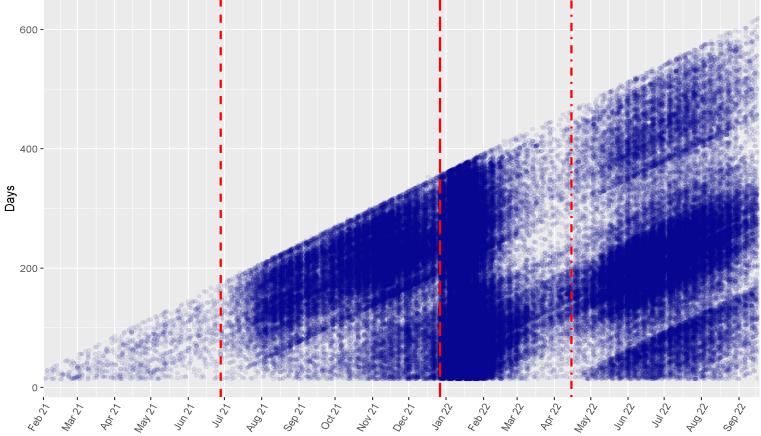
\*The dark grey shaded region represents the lag period between specimen collection and vaccine breakthrough case ascertainment where reporting of cases may be incomplete.

## Primary Series Completed Cases by Specimen Collection Date



Primary Series Completed Cases by Specimen Collection Date, plus 7-Day Rolling Average 1 February, 2021 - 19 September, 2022

— 7-day rolling average



Days Between Most Recent Vaccination Dose and Specimen Collection Date

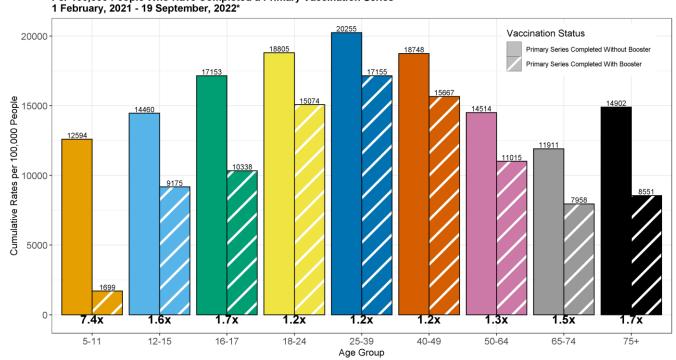
Specimen Collection Date

#### Median: 194 days

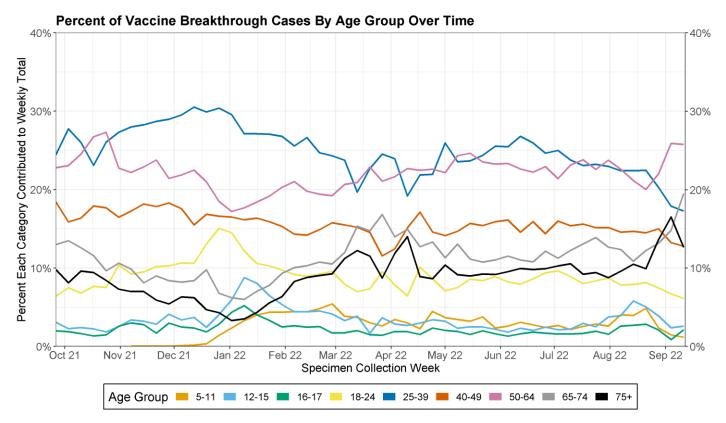
	Delta variant becomes predominant
	Omicron (BA.1) variant becomes predominant
- • - • -	Omicron (BA.2) variant becomes

## **Primary Series Completed Cases by Age**

Cumulative Vaccine Breakthrough Rates by Age and Vaccination Status Per 100,000 People Who Have Completed a Primary Vaccination Series

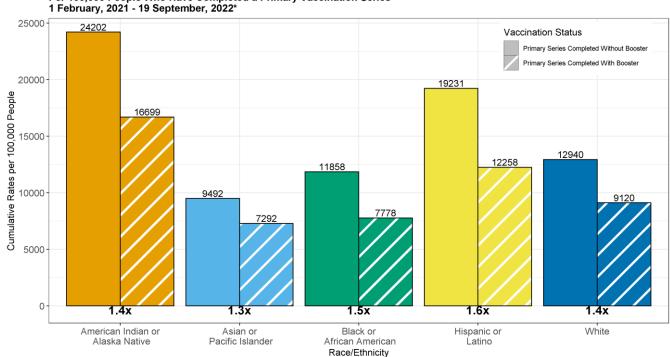


\*The numbers under the bars are the rate ratios, which represent the increased risk of testing positive for those who have completed the primary series without a booster relative to those who have received a booster.



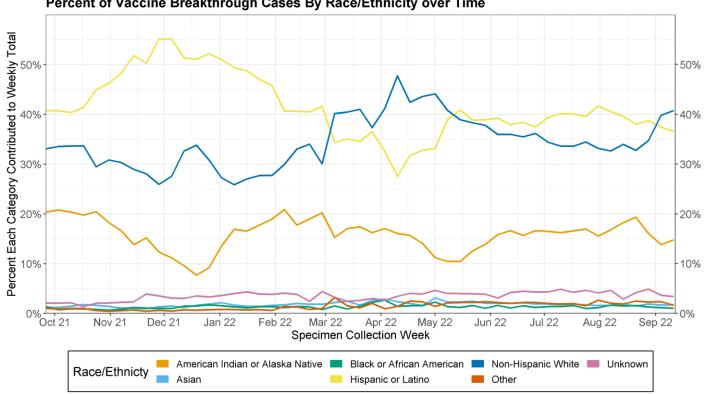
\*  $sum\left(\frac{Number with COVID - 19 among those who have completed a primary vaccination series each day}{Number of NM residents who have completed a primary vaccination series each day} \times 100,000\right)$ 

#### **Primary Series Completed Cases by Race and Ethnicity**



Cumulative Age-Adjusted Vaccine Breakthrough Case Rates by Race/Ethnicity and Vaccination Status Per 100,000 People Who Have Completed a Primary Vaccination Series

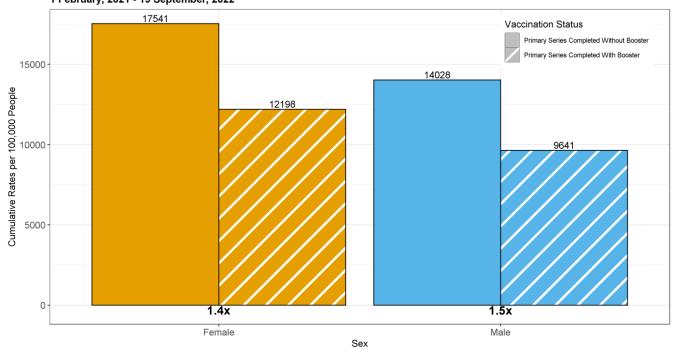
\*The numbers under the bars are the rate ratios, which represent the increased risk of testing positive for those who have completed the primary series without a booster relative to those who have received a booster.



Percent of Vaccine Breakthrough Cases By Race/Ethnicity over Time

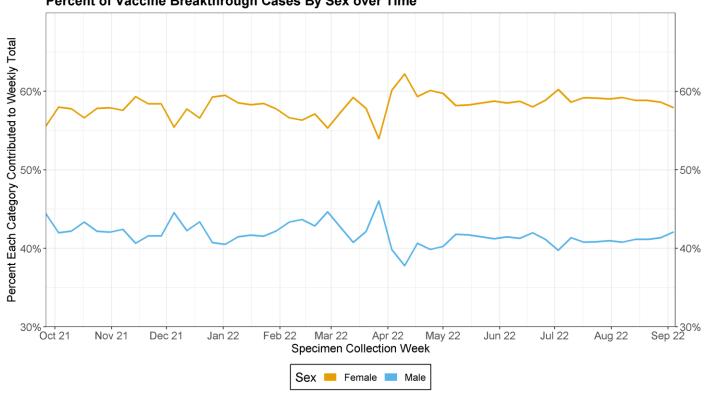
Number with COVID – 19 among those who have completed a primary vaccination series each day  $\times$  100,000 \* sum Number of NM residents who have completed a primary vaccination series each day

### **Primary Series Completed Cases by Sex**



Cumulative Age-Adjusted Vaccine Breakthrough Case Rates by Sex and Vaccination Status Per 100,000 People Who Have Completed a Primary Vaccination Series 1 February, 2021 - 19 September, 2022\*

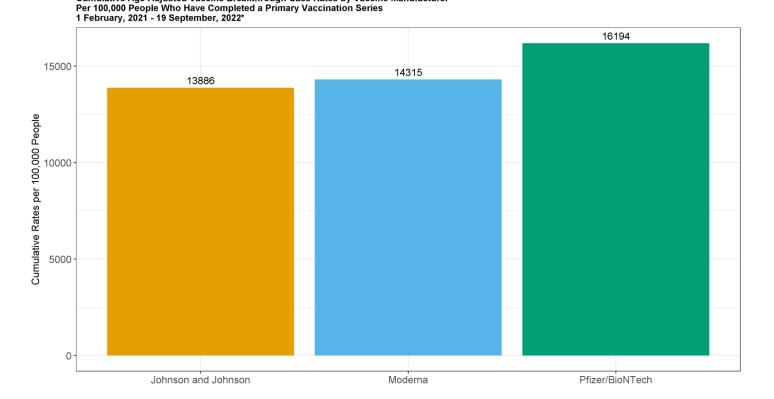
\*The numbers under the bars are the rate ratios, which represent the increased risk of testing positive for those who have completed the primary series without a booster relative to those who have received a booster.



Percent of Vaccine Breakthrough Cases By Sex over Time

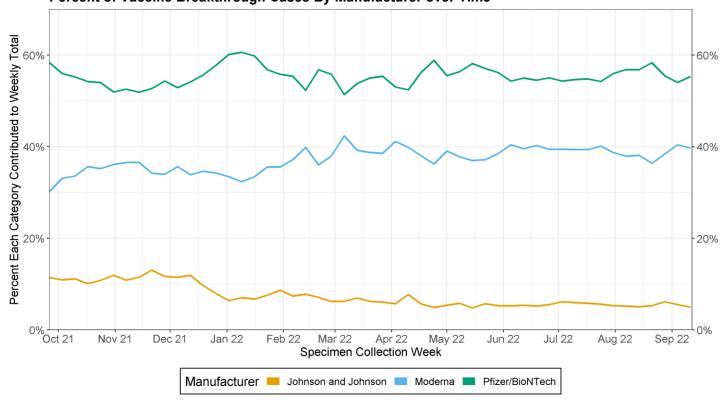
 sum (Number with COVID – 19 among those who have completed a primary vaccination series each day Number of NM residents who have completed a primary vaccination series each day × 100,000)

## Primary Series Completed Cases by Vaccine Manufacturer



#### Percent of Vaccine Breakthrough Cases By Manufacturer over Time

Cumulative Age-Adjusted Vaccine Breakthrough Case Rates by Vaccine Manufacturer



 sum (Number with COVID – 19 among those who have completed a primary vaccination series each day Number of NM residents who have completed a primary vaccination series each day × 100,000)

#### • COVID-19 data

- **New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS)**, Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology and Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health.
- Salesforce/MTX COVID-19 Case Investigation Platform.
- Vaccination Data
  - **New Mexico State Immunization Information System (NMSIIS),** NMDOH Immunization Program, Public Health Division, New Mexico Department of Health
  - Tiberius: HHS Protect-OWS, US Health and Human Services, Department of Defense
- Population Estimates: University of New Mexico, Geospatial and Population Studies (GPS) Program.

#### **Data Notes**

- The data reported in this weekly update may not match the daily numbers that are reported in the New Mexico Department of Health (NMDOH) press releases and/or the NMDOH COVID-19 data dashboard. This may be due to variation in the date and time of data extraction from NM-EDSS, corrections after quality assurance review, and differences in the exclusion criteria.
- New Mexico Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NM-EDSS). Disease incidence data are derived from
  reports of notifiable infectious diseases. NMDOH relies on health care providers, laboratories, hospitals,
  clinics, institutions and individuals to report suspected and confirmed notifiable infectious diseases in
  accordance with New Mexico Administrative Code 7.4.3.13. Under-reporting can occur due to of lack of
  awareness about reporting requirements or lack of compliance with those requirements. Not all cases of
  infectious diseases can be detected for various reasons including lack of access to health care services, lack
  of laboratory testing or concerns about confidentiality. Specific and standardized national case definitions
  are used to classify disease reports by case status.
- New Mexico Population Estimates. All population estimates apply to July 1 of 2020. Estimates include decimal fractions. The sum of population subgroup estimates may not exactly equal the overall state population estimate due to rounding error. Population estimates for previous years are occasionally revised as new information becomes available. When publishing trend data, always be sure that your rates for earlier years match current rates on NM-IBIS that have been calculated with the most up-to-date population estimates.
- **Case rate per 100,000 population**. A basic measure of disease-specific case frequency is a rate, which takes into account the number of cases and the population size. It is helpful in making public health decisions for a given population, relative to another population regardless of size.