## Modeling \& Forecasting COVID-19 in NM

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## 8 Mar 2022: Epigrid modeling

- NM daily incidence is declining in $31 / 33$ counties. Drop in the death rate is highly notable (not only the number of deaths).
- A modest flattening of the rate of incidence-decline is not ruled out by the data. If this flattening is real, it may result from:
- Reduced utilization of high-quality masks while congregated and indoors, and/or
- BA. 2 variant virus. Watch for possible increases in the number of BA. 2 cases, not just the proportion.
- Omicron is about as infectious as Delta variant. Virus evolution leading to immune evasion explains the main part of the Omicron wave.
- Immunological diversity from updated vaccines will further improve the situation.
- Situational awareness remains good as of January 2022. No clear evidence currently for antigen testing limiting accurate case counts.



A look at the raw incidence data

- The reported incidence level is falling.
- Sunday, Monday
- Tuesday
- Within-weekly variation in NM data indicates reliability.
- Color-coded by-day-of-week decline is large.
- Wednesday/Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday The 190 cases in the Lea county correctional facility are removed from data reported on March $26^{\text {th }}$, 2021. The $1 / 3$ of reported cases that were $>2$ weeks prior were removed from March $24^{\text {th }}, 2021$. Case reported for weekends starting April $10-12^{\text {th }}$ are each divided by 3 to estimate individual day counts.



## 8 March 2022 Vaccine Analysis (NM): Vaccinate before the next epidemic/wave

- 1686k first doses are used in modeling (3/8/22).
- 1686k first doses have been administered, +7k/2, +7,10k/2, +9k/2, +27k.
- 1431k completed initial vaccine series, +13k/2, +10,14k/2, +12k/2, +16k.
- 760k boosters completed, +22k/2, +20,28k/2, +35k/2, +31k.
- $\sim 80.4 \%$ of all persons in New Mexico are at least minimally vaccinated.
- $\mathbf{\sim 9 4 . 5 \%}$ of all New Mexicans are eligible (~1981k).
- 78.0/94.5=85.1\% of eligible New Mexicans vaccinated.
- 5-11 year-olds: 73k first doses (38.9\%, 1.2\%/2 +0\%/2, +1.1\%/2, +2.0\%/2, $+1.9 \%$,).
- Vaccination rates have slowed.
- Vaccination with updated antigen (i.e. Omicron) is likely to be highly beneficial to limiting individual and population wide effects.
- Crucial to understand the level of immune evasion against neutralizing antibodies against the next variant well before the peak of that epidemic is reached.
- Monitor low-vaccination \& congregated environments (i.e. age cohorts with lower vaccination rates).

Black - vaccination for all New Mexicans


## Variant Monitoring: Omicron is the current variant

https://www.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/\#variant-proportions


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- New variants have appeared without evident intermediates. Global monitoring.
- Monitor variant BA. 2 for immune evasion and growing number, not just proportion.
- Approximately 6-12 months is the longest variant-interval: D614G ( $\sim 3$ months), Alpha ( $\sim 6-9$ months), Delta ( $\sim 6$ months), Omicron ( $\sim 6$ months).
Updated mRNA vaccine from Pfizer likely past March 2022.
- Priority on getting ahead of SARS-2 with immune diversity in the population. Both B- and T-cell.



## Recent By-State Trends: Most Populous 10 States

Trends over the last 1-3 weeks: Increasing: n/a Flat: n/a Declining: California, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan, New Mexico, Texas, New York, N. Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania.


## Cumulative Cases \& Daily Growth Rate for NM: March 8

Lata source: JHU htps:/Igrtrub.com/USSEEGiSanavata/cuviU-1y


Data Source: JHU https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19

*Growth rate is in cumulative cases

## Weekly Growth Rate for NM: Another View (Mar 8)

Impacted New Mexicans



## So what?

- Most people in New Mexico are living in a county that has medium per-capita case counts and decelerating

Counties With
No New Cases In

| Ok | Ok | Ok |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Last Week | Two Weeks | 3+ Weeks |

Number of New Mexicans living in regions with particular combinations of per capita case counts and 7-day growth rates

Low <10 cases/100k per week
Med 10-99 cases/100k per week
High >100 cases/100k per week

Concurrent Hosp \& ICU Beds Based on Forecasts - Average Stay of 8 Hosp, 15 Days for ICU/vent \& 25\% ICU rate


Model is predicting an decrease in COVID-19 ICU beds needed over the next several weeks

